

 $\begin{array}{c} R_s = \text{range from lidar to source}^* \\ \beta_s = \text{elevation angle of } R_s^* \\ R_p = \text{range from lidar to plume at the opacity measurement point}^* \\ \beta_p = \text{elevation angle of } R_p^* \\ R_a = \text{range from lidar to plume at some arbitrary point, } P_a, \text{ so the drift angle of the plume can be determined}^* \\ \beta_a = \text{elevation angle of } R_s^* \\ \alpha = \text{angle between } R_p \text{ and } R_a \\ R'_s = \text{projection of } R_s \text{ in the horizontal plane} \\ R'_p = \text{projection of } R_p \text{ in the horizontal plane} \\ \end{array}$

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 R'_a =projection of R_a in the horizontal plane

$$0_{pc} = 1 - (1 - 0_p)^{\cos(\pi/2 - \epsilon)} = 1 - (1 - 0_p)^{\sin \epsilon}$$
 (AMI-8)

The correction angle $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$ shall be determined using Equation AM1-10.

Where:

 $\alpha = Cos^{-1} (Cos\beta_p Cos\beta_a Cos\alpha' + Sin\beta_p Sin\beta_a),$

 $R\theta = (R_p 2 + R_a 2 - 2 R_p R_a Cos\alpha)^{1/2}$

R≤, the distance from the source to the opacity measurement point projected in the horizontal plane, shall be determined using Equation AM1-11.

$$R_{\delta} = (R_{s}^{'2} + R_{p}^{'2} - 2R_{s}^{'}R_{p}^{'}Cos\psi')^{\frac{1}{2}}$$
, (AM1-11)

Where: $R'_{\rm s}\text{=}R_{\rm s}$ Cos $\beta_{\rm s},$ and

 $R'_{p}=R_{p} \cos \beta_{p}$

In the special case where the plume centerline at the opacity measurement point is horizontal, parallel to the ground, Equation AM1-12 may be used to determine ϵ instead of Equation AM1-10.

$$\varepsilon = \cos^{-1} \left[\frac{R_p^2 + R_{\delta}^2 - R_{\delta}^{"2}}{2 R_p R_{\delta}} \right]$$
 (AM1-12)

Where:

 $R''_{s} = (R'^{2}_{s} + R_{p}^{2} Sin^{2}\beta_{p})^{1/2}$.

If the angle ϵ is such that $\epsilon \le 30^{\circ}$ or $\epsilon \ge 150^{\circ}$, the azimuth angle correction shall not be performed and the associated opacity value shall be discarded.

2.6.2 Elevation Angle Correction. An individual lidar-measured opacity, Op, shall be corrected for elevation angle if the laser elevation or inclination angle, $\beta_{\rm p}$ [Figure AM1– VI. is greater than or equal to the value calculated in Equation AM1-13.

$$\beta_{\rm p} \ge \cos^{-1} \left[\frac{\ln (101 - 0_{\rm p})}{\ln (100 - 0_{\rm p})} \right]$$
 (AM1-13)

The measured opacity, Op, along the lidar path L, is adjusted to obtain the corrected opacity, Opc, for the actual

plume (horizontal) path, P, by using Equation (AM1-14).

^{*}Obtained directly from lidar. These values should be recorded.